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Dynamical screening effects

from first principles:

Implication for low-energy models and application to the iron pnictides

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Iron-pnictides: high-T_c superconductors



- Discovery of high-T_c in pnictides in 2008: new excitement ٠
- Electron-phonon coupling cannot account for T_c ٠
- New family of unconventional high-T_c superconductors: cuprates are not the only ones! ٠
- Proximity of spin ordered phases
- Multi-band physics ٠

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Pairing symmetry and superconducting mechanism?

Can first principle calculations account for the spectral properties and the phase diagram?



Michele Casula Dynamical screening effects from First Principles







- Constructing effective models for correlated materials: dynamical (frequency dependent) onsite interaction U from reducing the Hamiltonian to correlated bands
- Satellites and low-energy properties of BaFe₂As₂ from dynamical mean field theory (DMFT) with frequency dependent U
- Low-energy Hamiltonian for frequency dependent U

Low-energy model of correlated materials

Tight-binding model from localized (Wannier) orbitals



Density-density interactions

(matrix elements of the Coulomb potential in the Wannier basis) <u>Those interactions are screened</u> by the excluded (high-energy) degrees of freedom



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• **Downfolding** the full LDA Hamiltonian by Fe-3d and As-4p max localized Wannier functions

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- Coulomb interaction: frequency dependence from cRPA, Slater parameterization for static part of U
- $Im[U(\omega)]$ 10 _lm[U(ω)]/ω⁴ U_0 e< 0.00 -10 -0.05 -20 -0.10-0.15 -30 25 30 5 10 15 20 35 40 45 50 0 ω (eV)

 $\sum \langle mm | U | mm$

Re[U(ω)]

- Important observations:
- 1. Static value very different from the unscreened (infinite frequency) limit
- 2. Strong frequency dependence even at low energy scale

Dynamic U and mapping to bosons

• **Downfolding** the full LDA Hamiltonian by Fe-3d and As-4p max localized Wannier functions





Dynamical mean-field approach

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Resolution of the impurity problem by the hybridization expansion CTQMC algorithm which supports retarded interactions (Werner and Millis, PRL 2006)













Structures from p-d hybridization squeezed toward the Fermi energy





Weight reduction at low-energy and spectral weight transfer to high-energy

Dynamic U effects in Ba_{0.6}K_{0.4}Fe₂As₂







Satellites: at 6.1 eV



Dynamic U effects in Ba_{0.6}K_{0.4}Fe₂As₂

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Satellites: at 12 eV

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Dynamic U effects in Ba_{0.6}K_{0.4}Fe₂As₂

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Satellites: at 16 eV

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Onset of the square root behavior at optimal hole doping NON FERMI LIQUID BEHAVIOR





<u>Close to the full substitution (KFe₂As₂)</u> strong non-fermi liquid behavior (finite intercept)



Ba_(1-2x)K_{2x}Fe₂As₂















By rising the temperature the system goes quickly into a strongly incoherent regime



• Spin-freezing crossover in the hole doped region

Werner et al. Phys. Rev. Lett. 101, 166405 (2008), De' Medici et al. PRL 107, 256401 (2011)

• Doping dependent renormalization of the LDA band structure

Comparison to ARPES

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Low-energy effective static model

Start from Hubbard-Holstein

$$H = -\sum_{ij\sigma} t_{ij} d_{i\sigma}^{\dagger} d_{j\sigma} + V \sum_{i} d_{i\uparrow}^{\dagger} d_{i\uparrow} d_{i\downarrow}^{\dagger} d_{i\downarrow} + \mu \sum_{i\sigma} d_{i\sigma}^{\dagger} d_{i\sigma}$$
$$+ \omega_0 \sum_{i} b_i^{\dagger} b_i + \lambda \sum_{i\sigma} d_{i\sigma}^{\dagger} d_{i\sigma} (b_i + b_i^{\dagger}).$$

Lang-Firsov transformation

UPMC

$$\begin{split} H &\to H_{LF} = e^{S} H e^{-S} \\ c_{i\sigma} &= \exp(\frac{\lambda}{\omega_{0}} (b_{i} - b_{i}^{\dagger})) d_{i\sigma} \\ c_{i\sigma}^{\dagger} &= \exp(\frac{\lambda}{\omega_{0}} (b_{i}^{\dagger} - b_{i})) d_{i\sigma}^{\dagger} \\ H_{LF} &= -\sum_{ij\sigma} t_{ij} c_{i\sigma}^{\dagger} c_{j\sigma} + U_{0} \sum_{i} c_{i\uparrow}^{\dagger} c_{i\uparrow} c_{i\downarrow}^{\dagger} c_{i\downarrow} + \omega_{0} \sum_{i} b_{i}^{\dagger} b_{i}, \\ U_{0} &= V - \frac{2\lambda^{2}}{\omega_{0}} \\ \end{split}$$

Projection on the zero-plasmon subspace

$$I_{\text{eff}} = \langle 0|H|0\rangle = -\sum_{ij\sigma} Z_B t_{ij} d_{i\sigma}^{\dagger} d_{j\sigma} + U_0 \sum_i d_{i\uparrow}^{\dagger} d_{i\uparrow} d_{i\downarrow}^{\dagger} d_{i\downarrow}$$



Structures from p-d hybridization squeezed toward the Fermi energy



Weight reduction at low-energy and spectral weight transfer to high-energy





• Static U used in literature for correlated compounds compared to effective U

	Z_B	U_0	$U_{ m lit}$
SrVO ₃	0.70	3.3	4 - 5
Sr_2VO_4	0.70	3.1	4.2
LaVO ₃	0.57	1.9	5
VO_2	0.67	2.7	4
TaS ₂	0.79	1.5	
SrMnO ₃	0.50	3.1	2.7
BaFe ₂ As ₂	0.59	2.8	5
LaOFeAs	0.61	2.7	3.5 - 5
FeSe	0.63	4.2	4 - 5
CuO	0.63	6.8	7.5

The bandwidth renormalization from Coulomb screening explains the apparent contradiction between the static limit of U_{RPA} and the U values used so far in literature





Effective low-energy model spectral function in agreement with the one obtained for the fully dynamic U model

M. Casula, P. Werner, L. Vaugier, F. Aryasetiawan, A. J. Millis, S. Biermann PRL **109**, 126408 (2012)



Conclusions



- First ab-initio DMFT calculations with frequency dependent U
- Capability of DMFT to treat plasmon satellites
- Surprises from the strong low-energy impact of the dynamic U, despite the fact that the unscreened part sets on at relatively high energies (~15-20 eV)
- Physical outcome from dynamic part in BaFe₂As₂
 - Renormalization of the quasiparticle width and spin-freezing crossover
 - Spectral weight transfer to higher energies
 - Prediction of plasmon satellites
- Effective low-energy model to include dynamic screening

M. Casula, A. Rubtsov, S. Biermann, PRB 85, 035115 (2012)

P. Werner, M. Casula, T. Miyake, F. Aryasetiawan, A. J. Millis, S. Biermann Nature Physics 8, 331-337 (2012)

M. Casula, P. Werner, L. Vaugier, F. Aryasetiawan, A. J. Millis, S. Biermann PRL **109**, 126408 (2012)